

### **Dictionaries**

- UNL-NL Dictionary (Analysis)
  - Enumerative (word forms)
    - [foot] {2883} "100284665" (NOU,STE,WRD,SNG,M1) <eng,0,0>; [feet] {2883} "100284665" (NOU,STE,WRD,PLR,M1) <eng,0,0>;
- NL-UNL Dictionary (Generation)
  - Generative (base forms)
    - [foot] {2883} "100284665" (NOU,STE,WRD,SNG,M1,FLX(PLR:="feet";)) <eng,o,o>;

# **Building dictionaries**



# **Dictionary Specs**

- Dictionary Specs
  - Dictionary structure
    - a plain text file (.txt)
    - one entry per line
    - entries must have the following format:

[NLW] {ID} "UW" (ATTR , ... ) < LG , FRE , PRI >; COMMENTS

### [NLW]

[NLW] {ID} "UW" (ATTR,...) < LG, FRE, PRI >; COMMENTS

- a multiword expression: [United States of America]
- a compound: [hot-dog]
- a simple word: [happiness]
- a simple morpheme: [happ]
- a complex structure: [[bring] [back]]
- a non-motivated linguistic entity: [g]

# {ID}

[NLW] {ID} "UW" (ATTR,...) <LG,FRE,PRI>; COMMENTS

The unique identifier (primary-key) of the entry.

#### "UW"

[NLW] {ID} "UW" (ATTR,...) < LG, FRE, PRI >; COMMENTS

 The Universal Word of UNL. This field can be empty if a word does not need a UW.

### (ATTR, ...)

[NLW] {ID} "UW" (ATTR,...) < LG, FRE, PRI >; COMMENTS

- The list of features of the NLW.
- Attributes should be separated by ","
- It can be:

  - a list of simple features: (NOU, MCL, SNG)
    a list of attribute-value pairs: (pos=NOU, gen=MCL, num=SNG)
    a list of transformation rules : (plural:="oo"."ee")
  - Replacement
  - <ATTRIBUTE>":="<SOURCE>":"<TARGET>
  - plural:="oo":"ee

  - Left appending
     <attribute>":="<left Deletion>"<"<left Addition>
    - not:=<"un"</li>

  - Right appending
     <attribute>":="<RIGHT ADDITION>">"<RIGHT DELETION>
    - plural:=y>ies

# <LG, FRE, PRI>

[NLW] {ID} "UW" (ATTR,...) <LG,FRE,PRI>;

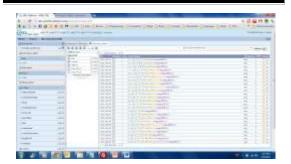
COMMENTS

- FLG
- The two-character language code according to ISO 639-1.
- FRE
- . The frequency of NLW in natural texts. Used for natural language analysis (NL-UNL). It can range from o (less frequent) to 255 (most frequent).
- PRI
  - The priority of the NLW. Used for natural language generation (UNL-NL). It can range from 0 to 255.

#### **Examples**

[book]{\( \) "book" (\) N, NOU, SNG, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [books]{\( \) "book" (\) N, NOU, PLR, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [car]{\( \) "car" (\) N, NOU, PLR, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [car]{\( \) "car" (\) N, NOU, SNG, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [car]{\( \) "car" (\) N, NOU, SNG, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [dr.]{\( \) "dr" (\) N, NOU, SNG, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [dr.]{\( \) "dr" (\) N, NOU, SNG, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [dass]{\( \) "drawd" (\) N, PEN, SNGT, M0) < eng, 0, 0 >; [Edward]{\( \) "Edward]{\( \) "Edward]{\( \) "Edward]{\( \) N, PEN, SNGT, M0) < eng, 0, 0 >; [alone]{\( \) "drawd" (\) N, PEN, SNGT, M0) < eng, 0, 0 >; [alone]{\( \) "drawd" (\) N, PEN, SNGT, M0) < eng, 0, 0 >; [alone]{\( \) "drawd" (\) "AD, M0) < eng, 0, 0 >; [alone]{\( \) "drawd" (\) "AD, M0) < eng, 0, 0 >; [alone]{\( \) "drawd" (\) "AD, M0) < eng, 0, 0 >; [alone]{\( \) "drawd" (\) "AD, M0, Norm, 0, 0 >; [alone]{\( \) "drawd" (\) "drawd" (\) "AD, M0, Norm, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, PS, PS, M7) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrived]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrived]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrived]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrived]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrived]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrived]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "CR, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2) < eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "VER, TST, 1, PS, M2, eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "RE, TST, 1, PS, M2, eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "RE, TST, 1, PS, M2, eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "RE, TST, 1, PS, M2, eng, 0, 0 >; [arrive]{\( \) "arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "Arrive" (\) "

#### Using dictionaries (IAN and EUGENE)



# Task #2: NL-UNL Dictionary

- Goal
- To create entries for NL-UNL Dictionary for Reference Corpus
- Methodology
- Create the corresponding entries in the dictionary format to all the words appearing in your wordlist:
  - Do not fill in the field between {} (but don't forget to include it)
  - Use the English word as the UW, when applicable
  - Define only the basic features (use the tagset to define the features)
  - The frequency and priority should be set to o (zero);
- An example dictionary (of English) may be downloaded from the Wiki Upload the dictionary to IAN (UNLWEB>UNLDEV>PROJECTS>IAN>DICTIONARY EDITOR)
- Share it with the user "martins"
- DURATION: 4 hours